

Title of the Paper

AUTHORS' NAMES

Department

University

Address

COUNTRY

your@email.com <http://www.yourwebpage.com>

Abstract: papers must be prepared following these instructions, using WORD for WINDOWS. It is recommended that this example be used as a reference model (template). Use 16pt, bold and centred Times New Roman font for the title. Then leave a blank line and include the author's information: their names, surnames and department, their University and its address and country, their email addresses and their web site. For this information, use capital letters and 11 pt, centred, Times New Roman font.

Key-Words: - include the key words here, avoiding using the words used in the title (6 - 10 words)

1. INTRODUCTION

The right and left margins must be 1.8 cm/in in word or 2.0 cm/in of effective distance. Always use two columns for the text. The text of the abstract must be in 11pt, bold, Times New Roman font. Normal body text must use 11pt, Times New Roman font. The abstract and key-words must use 11pt, *italicised* Times New Roman font.

Each section heading must use 12pt, bold, centred Times New Roman font.

To assign numbers to each section, use cardinal numbers 1,2,3, and not Roman numerals I,II,III.

The introduction must include the state of the art of the research problem being described, in addition to a mention of the solution proposed.

2. PROBLEM FORMULATION

Mathematical equations must be numbered in accordance with the following system (1.1), (1.2),..., (2.1), (2.2). Obviously, the first number refers to the section, while the second (separated by a decimal point) refers to the sequential number of the equation. For example, equation 2.3 refers to the third equation in section 2.

2.1 Subsections

When including a subsection you must use, for its heading, small letters, 11pt, centred, bold, Times New Roman font, as here.

3. PROBLEM SOLUTION

Figures and tables must be numbered using the same criteria used for numbering equations. Fig.1.2, Fig.2.1, ... etc Table 1.1, Table 2.2, ...etc. For example, Fig.2.3 refers to the third figure in section 2.

4. CONCLUSION

A conclusion, highlighting the results obtained from the research, is required. As opposed to the abstract, which must be an initial presentation, the conclusion must include the logical consequences of the work presented and any potential future developments.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The preferred spelling of the word "acknowledgment" in American English is without an "e" after the "g." Use the singular heading even if you have many acknowledgments.

REFERENCES

- [1] G. U. Young, "Robotics in University" (Book style with paper title and editor)," in *Journal of University*, 2nd ed. vol. 3, J. Pacat, Ed. New York: McGOGH, 1994, pp. 18-34.
- [2] W.-K. Chin, *Linear Systems* (Book style). Belfort, CA: Wads, 1983, pp. 123-135.